ANAND AYURVED COLLEGE

SAMHITA SIDDHANT DEPARTMENT PADARTH VIGYAN

ATP FOR I BAMS FOR YEAR 2023-2024

SR NO.	MONTH	PAPER	NAME OF TOPIC	ALLOTED HOURS	ALLOT ED HOURS	NAME OF TEACHER
				LH	NLH	
1	March	I	Ayurveda Nirupana 1.1 Lakshana of Ayu, composition of Ayu. 1.2 Lakshana of Ayurveda. Swaroopa and Prayojana of Ayurveda 1.3 Lakshana and classification of Siddhanta. 1.4 Introduction to Basic Principles of Ayurveda and their significance.	5	6	Dr. Veena Kulkarni
2	April and May	I	Padartha and Darshana Nirupana 2.1 Padartha Lakshana, Enumeration and classification of Padartha, Bhava and Abhava Padartha, Padartha according to Acharya Charaka (Karana-Padartha). 2.2 Etymological derivation of the word "Darshana". Classification and general introduction to 9 Schools of Indian Philosophy with an emphasis on: Nyaya, Vaisheshika, Sankhya, Yoga, Meemamsa and Vedanta darshana. 2.3 Ayurveda as unique and independent school of thought (philosophical individuality of Ayurveda). 2.4 Principles and examples in contemporary sciences which will enhance understanding concept of Padartha. 2.5 Relevance of Study of Darshana and Padartha Vignana in Ayurveda	10	12	Dr. Veena Kulkarni
3	June	П	 1.1. Definition, Significance, Necessity and Use of Pariksha. 1.2. Definition of Prama, Aprama, Prameya, Pramata, Pramana. 1.3. Significance and importance of Pramana, Enumeration of Pramana according to different schools of Philosophy. 1.4. Four types of methods for examination 	8	8	Dr. Veena Kulkarni

			in Ayurveda (Chaturvidha-Parikshavidhi), Pramana in Ayurveda. 1.5. Subsudation of different Pramanas under three Pariksha. 1.6. Practical application of methods of examination (Parikshavidhi) in Nidan and Chikitsa			
4	July	П	Aptopdesha Pariksha/Pramana 2.1. Lakshana of Aptopadesha, Lakshana ofApta. 2.2. Lakshana of Shabda, and its types. 2.3. Shabdavritti-Abhidha, Lakshana, Vyanjana and Tatparyakhya.Shaktigrahahetu. 2.4. Vaakya: Characteristics, Vaakyarthajnanahetu- Aakanksha, Yogyata, Sannidhi. 2.5. Importance of Aptopadesha in maintaining Health, Prevention of Diseases, Diagnostics, Therapeutics and Research.	6	10	Dr. Veena Kulkarni
5	July		Revision and I Term Exam			
6	August	I	Dravya II 48		14	20
			vijnaneeyam 3.1 Dravya: Lakshana, Classification and Enumeration 3.2 Panchabhuta: Various theories regarding the creation (theories of Taittiriyopanisha d, Nyaya- Vaisheshika, Sankhya-Yoga,	10	7	Dr. Veena Kulkarni

Lakshana,			
division / units			
and significance.			
3.4 Dik:			
Lakshana			
division and			
significance.			
3.5 Atma:			
Lakshana,			
classification,			
seat, Gunas,			
Linga according			
to Charaka, the			
method / process			
of knowledge formation			
(atmanah jnasya			
pravrittih).			
3.6 Purusha:			
According to			
Ayurveda -			
Ativahikapurusha			
Sukshmasharira/			
Rashipurusha/			
Chikitsapurusha/			
Karmapurusha/			
Shaddhatvatmaka			
purusha.			
3.7 Manas:			
Lakshana,			
Synonyms,			
Qualities,			
Objects,			
Functions, dual			
nature of mind			
(ubhayaatmakatv			
am), as a			
substratum of			
diseases,Influenc			
e of			
Panchabhoutika			
aahara and			
aushadha (penta-			
elemental diet)on			
manas.			
3.8 Role of			
Panchamahabhut			
a and Triguna in			
Dehaprakriti and			
Manasaprakriti			
1714Hubuptukttu	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

			1		<u></u>	
			respectively.			
			3.9 Tamas as the			
			tenth Dravya.			
			3.10 Practical			
			study/Application			
			and Importance			
			of each Kaarana			
			dravya in			
			Ayurveda.			
			3.11 Principles			
			and examples in			
			contemporary			
			sciences which			
			will enhance			
			understanding			
			_			
			concept of			
7		II	Kaarana Dravya			
-	Septembe	11	3. Pratyaksha Pariksha/Pramana 3.1.			
i.	r		Lakshana of Pratyaksha, types of			
•	•		Pratyaksha- Nirvikalpaka- Savikalpaka			
			with description, description of Laukika			
			and Alaukika types and their further	7	7	
			classification.	7	7	
			3.2. Indriya-prapyakaritvam, six types			
			ofSannikarsha.			Dr. Veena
			3.3. Indriyanam lakshanam, classification			Kulkarni
			and enumeration of Indriya. Description of			
			Panchapanchaka, Penta-elemental nature of			
			Indriya (<i>Panchabhautikatwa</i> of Indriya)			
			• • •			
			and similarity in sources (<i>Tulyayonitva</i>)			
			ofIndriya.			
			3.4. Trayodasha Karana, dominance			
			ofAntahkarana.			
			3.5. Hindrances in direct perception			
			(pratyaksha-anupalabdhikaarana),			
			enhancement of direct perception			
			(Pratyaksha) by various			
			instruments/ equipments, necessity of other			
			Pramanas in addition to Pratyaksha.			
			3.6. Practical study/ application of			
			• • •			
			Pratyaksha in Sharir, Nidan (Diagosis),			
			Chikitsa(Treatment) and Anusandhan			
			(Research).			
8						
O	0 04 0 1	Ţ	C			
1	October	I	Guna vijnaneeyam 4.1 Etymological Derivation, Classification			

			and Enumeration according to various Darshana and Charaka, 4.2 Lakshana and Classification of Sartha Guna, Gurvadiguna, Paradiguna, Adhyatmaguna (41 Guna) 4.3 Gunapradhanyata (Importance of Guna) 4.4 Practical / clinical application of each Guna in Ayurveda 4.5 Principles and examples in contemporary sciences which will enhance understanding concept of Guna. Karma vijnaneeyam 5.1 – Introduction of concept of Karma According to Darshanaand Ayurveda – Classification of Karma 5.3 - Practical application of karma 5.4 - Principles and examples in contemporary sciences which will enhance understanding concept	10	6	Dr. Veena Kulkarni
9	November	П	4. Anumanapariksha/Pramana 4.1. Lakshana of Anumana. Introduction of Anumiti, Paramarsha, Vyapti, Hetu, Sadhya, Paksha, Drishtanta. Types of Anumana mentioned by Charaka and Nyayadarshana. 4.2. Characteristics and types of Vyapti. 4.3. Lakshana and types of Hetu, Description of Ahetu and Hetwabhasa. 4.4. Characteristics and significance of Tarka (logic). 4.5. Practical study/ application of Anumanapramana in Sharir, Nidan, Chikitsa and Anusandhan	6	6	Dr. Veena Kulkarni
10	December	I	Samanya vijnaneeyam 6.1 – Introduction of concept of Saamaanya According to Darshana and Ayurveda. – Classification of Saamaanya 6.3 - Practical application of saamaanya 6.4 - Principle and	9	8	Dr. Veena Kulkarni

		examples in contemporary sciences which will enhance understanding theconcept of Saamanya. 7. Vishesha vijnaneeyam 7.1 – Introduction of concept of Vishesha according to Darshana and Ayurveda 7.2 - Classification of Vishesha 7.3 - Practical Application of vishesha 7.4- Principles and examples in contemporary sciences which will enhance understanding the concept of Vishesha	7.1 acc 7.2 7.3 7.4	ording to Dars - Classificatio - Practical Ap - Principles and	of concept of Vi hana and Ayurve
January February	I	Revision and II Term Exam Samavaya vijnaneeyam III 8.1 – Introduction of concept of Samavaaya According toDarshana and Ayurveda. 8.2 – Practical application of Samavaaya 8.3- Principles and examples in contemporary sciences which will enhanceunderstanding theconcept of Samavaya 9. Abhava vijnaneeyam 9.1 – Introduction of concept of Abhaava According to Darshana and Ayurveda. 9.2 – Classification of Abhaava. 9.3 – Practical application of Abhaava 9.4- Principles and examples in contemporar sciences which will enhance understanding t concept of Abhava.		7 hava vijnaneey	Dr. Veena Kulkarni

13	March	5.	32		2	2
13	Water	Yuktipariksha/	2		2	
		Pramana 5.1.				
		Lakshana and				
		description.				
		5.2. Importance		0	8	
		in Ayurveda.		8	8	Dr. Veena
		5.3. Practical				Kulkarni
		study and utility				
		in diagnostics, therapeutics and				
		research.				
		6.				
		UpamanaPrama				
		6.1. Lakshana.				
		6.2. Application i				
		Sharir, diagnostic				
		therapeutics and				
		research.				
]	II		2	4
					ya- Karana S	
				7.1.	Lakshana of 1	Karya and Kaarar
14	April	Karya- Karana Siddhanta				
		7.1. Lakshana of Karya and Kaarana.				
		Types of Kaarana.				
		7.2. Significance of Karya and Kaarana in Ayurveda.				
		7.3. Different opinions regarding the		8	8	
		manifestation of Karya from Kaarana:				Dr. Veena Kulkarni
		Satkaryavada, Parinamavada, Vivartavada	ı.			Kuikariii
		Asatkaryavada, Arambhavada,				
		Paramanuvada, Kshanabhanguravada,				
		Pilupaka, Pitharpaka, Anekantavada,				
		Swabhavavada, Swabhavoparamavada.				
		Importance/ Utility of each of these in				
		Ayurveda				
		7.4 Study of cause effect relationship,				
		causality, causation in Contemporary				
15	May	sciences Revision				
	11141	Kevision			1	1
16	June	Preparatory Holydays				